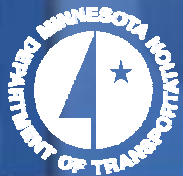


TRANSPORTATION
Revolution
5 Mississippi Valley
Conference

Mn/DOT's Innovative Contracting Program Best Practices



Richard Stehr, P.E.
July 13, 2005

Employment has declined by nearly 600 or 15% since 2001

Mn/DOT Staffing FY1998 - 2005



Statewide, 3 to 1 favor spending more on construction scheduling in order to get work done quicker.

More than 7 in ten respondents would favor spending added construction money to finish jobs quicker.

| Scheduling Preference | Statewide | | TC Metro | | Greater MN | |
|--------------------------------|-----------|-----|----------|-----|------------|-----|
| | % | n | % | n | % | n |
| Lower cost – longer duration | 24% | 191 | 14% | 56 | 34% | 136 |
| Higher cost – shorter duration | 74% | 591 | 84% | 334 | 64% | 256 |
| Don't know | 2% | 18 | 2% | 10 | 2% | 8 |
| Base | | 800 | | 400 | | 400 |

Metro area customers are more likely to favor expedited projects and higher spending

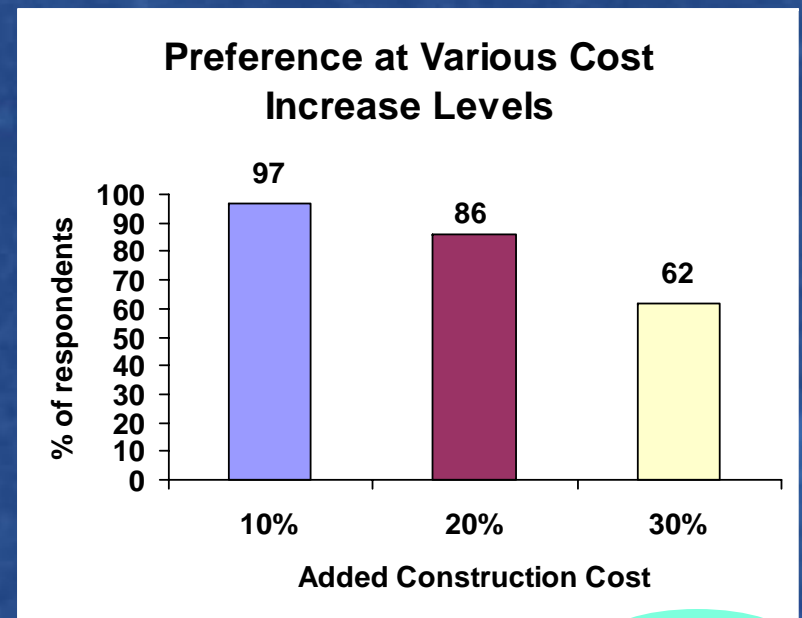
Neither fewer projects nor increase in costs changes preference for speedy completion.

If the shorter duration of roadwork and the increased cost meant that Mn/DOT would need to do fewer construction projects each year, would you still prefer that scenario?

If this shorter duration were to cost x% more than standard construction projects cost, would you still prefer it?

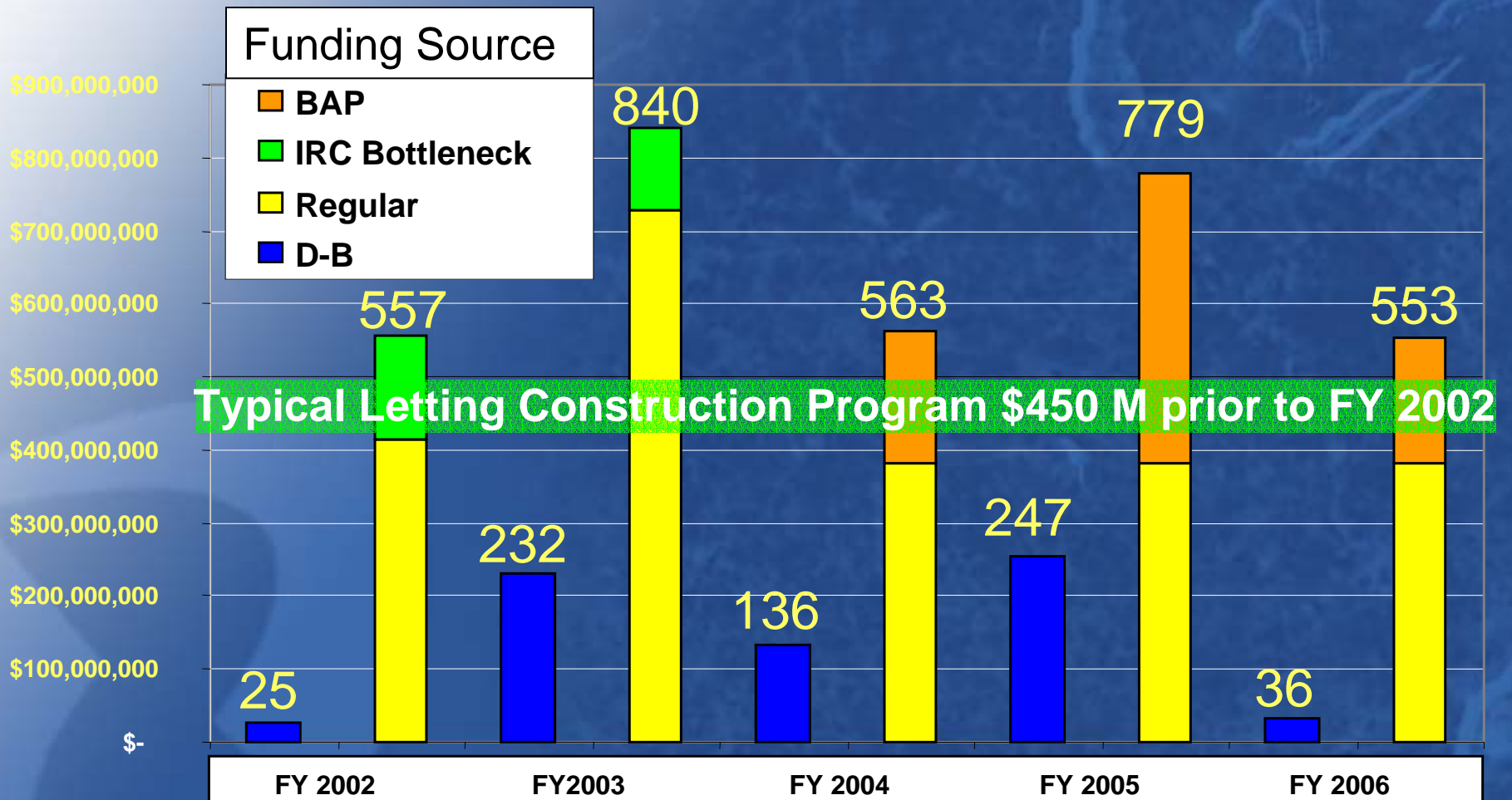
| Still Prefer | Statewide | | TC Metro | | Greater MN | |
|--------------|-----------|-----|----------|-----|------------|-----|
| | % | n | % | n | % | n |
| Yes | 81% | 477 | 85% | 283 | 76% | 194 |
| No | 19% | 113 | 15% | 51 | 24% | 62 |
| Base | | 591 | | 334 | | 256 |

Metro area more likely to agree.



n = 591

Construction Program



*The Construction Program is only project letting dollars.

Mn/DOT's D-B Projects

Four projects under construction

- ✓ ROC 52 - \$232M
- ✓ I-494 - \$135M
- ✓ TH 10/32 - \$8.6M
- ✓ TH 212 - \$238M

One project under development

- ✓ TH 52 Oronoco - \$36M

Design-Build

- A project delivery method that overlaps the design and construction phases
- Phases are concurrent, rather than sequential like traditional Design-Bid-Build method
- New project and quality management approach
- New roles and responsibilities for Mn/DOT and Contractors

When do we use D-B?

- Projects with complex designs, staging, and traffic control
- Project acceleration
- Larger projects taking more than one year to complete
- Packaged projects (several smaller combined into one larger project)
- Projects where innovation can be incorporated

Design-Bid-Build

Advantages

- Long history of acceptance
- Open competition
- Distinct roles are clear
- Easy to bid

Adapted from *Better Roads*
December 2002

Design-Bid-Build

Disadvantages

- Innovation not optimized
- Cost overruns
- Disputes between parties
- Owner retains most risks
- Usually low bid; incentive for change orders
- Owner responsible for errors and omissions
- Linear project delivery process

Adapted from *Better Roads*
December 2002

Design-Build Advantages

- Shorter delivery time
- Reduce user costs
- Innovation by contractor and designer
- Allows flexibility in design
- Innovative material selection and construction methods
- Best value
 - Contractor selection process based on technical and financial proposal evaluation

Adapted from *Better Roads*
December 2002

Design-Build

Disadvantages

- New method; unfamiliar process
- Owner needs to make quicker decisions
- Not a perfect tool; Not for every job
- Bid process can be more expensive

Adapted from *Better Roads*
December 2002

Best Practices

- Integration of technology – Design-Build Contract Administration System
- ISO 9001 Quality Management Approach
- Co-housing of project staff
- Proactive partnering
- CPM scheduling

Quality Management Challenges

- ISO 9001 is a new approach for most Contractors and Designers
- New approach for Mn/DOT
- Moving the responsibility for quality to the lowest levels
- Implementing quality management with subcontractors
- People change on each job

Co-Housing of Project Staff

- Design, Construction, Administration, and Quality Staff all under one roof
- Fosters relationships
- Over-the-shoulder reviews increase design development efficiency
- Promotes quicker problem solving

Proactive Partnering

- Project team goal establishment
- Monthly evaluations by most project staff to measure key areas
- Quarterly Executive Partnering meetings
- Quarterly partnering meetings attended by most staff

CPM Scheduling

- Establishes contractors plan for construction and includes all contract requirements
- Cost and resource (man-power, equipment, materials) loaded
- Owner can predict resources needed
- Accurate prediction of scheduled completion date
- Tool to manage the project, including delay mitigation
- As-built record of construction activities

Claims Avoidance

- Do our Homework
 - Know the plans and specifications
 - Know the procedure
- Be Pro-active
 - Know where the contractor will be working
 - Know what the contractor will be working on
 - Look for and anticipate problems
 - Document, Document, Document

Contractor Claims

- Changes in Scope
- Delay
- Acceleration
- Disruption